



Instituto Universitario de Investigación
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Departamento de
Matemáticas
Universidad Zaragoza

Seminario Geometría y Topología

Conferencia

por

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título

“Curves that bound the spectrum of a matrix”

Abstract:

The real part of any eigenvalue of a matrix A is less or equal to the largest eigenvalue of its Hermitian part $H(A)$. Applied to $\exp(-iv)A$ for all v , the spectrum of A is also contained in an infinite intersection of v -rotated half-planes, an intersection that equals the numerical range $F(A)$. Adam, Psarrakos and Tsatsomeros have shown that using the two largest eigenvalues of $H(A)$, a cubic curve that restricts the location of eigenvalues can be constructed and, using the idea of rotations, the envelope of such cubic curves defines a region inside $F(A)$ that still contains the spectrum. We present a generalization of their results and show how new restricting curves for the spectrum can be found if one utilizes more than two eigenvalues of $H(A)$, and how the envelope of such curves bounds a new smaller region for the spectrum.

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